

PART 761—DRUG ELIMINATION PROGRAMS

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Subpart A—General

§ 761.1 Purpose and scope.

This part 761 contains the regulatory requirements for the Assisted Housing Drug Elimination Program (AHDEP) and the Public Housing Drug Elimination Program (PHDEP). The purposes of these programs are to:

(a) Eliminate drug-related and violent crime and problems associated with it in and around the premises of Federally assisted low-income housing, and public and Indian housing developments;

(b) Encourage owners of Federally assisted low-income housing, public housing agencies and Indian housing authorities (collectively referred to as HAs), and resident management corporations to develop a plan that includes initiatives that can be sustained over a period of several years for addressing drug-related and violent crime

and problems associated with it in and around the premises of housing proposed for funding under this part; and

(c) Make available Federal grants to help owners of Federally assisted low-income housing, HAs, and RMCs carry out their plans.

[61 FR 13987, Mar. 28, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 49917, Sept. 14, 1999]

§ 761.5 Public housing; encouragement of resident participation.

For the purposes of the Public Housing Drug Elimination Program, the elimination of drug-related and violent crime within public housing developments requires the active involvement and commitment of public housing residents and their organizations. To enhance the ability of PHAs to combat drug-related and violent crime within their developments, Resident Councils (RCs), Resident Management Corporations (RMCs), and Resident Organizations (ROs) will be permitted to undertake management functions specified in this part, notwithstanding the otherwise applicable requirements of part 964 of this title.

[64 FR 49917, Sept. 14, 1999]

§ 761.10 Definitions.

The definitions *Department*, *HUD*, and *Public Housing Agency (PHA)* are defined in part 5 of this title.

Controlled substance shall have the meaning provided in section 102 of the Controlled Substance Act (21 U.S.C. 802).

Drug intervention means a process to identify assisted housing or public housing resident drug users, to assist them in modifying their behavior, and/or to refer them to drug treatment to reduce or eliminate drug abuse.

Drug prevention means a process to provide goods and services designed to alter factors, including activities, environmental influences, risks, and expectations, that lead to drug abuse.

Drug-related and violent crime shall have the meaning provided in 42 U.S.C. 11905(2).

Drug treatment means a program for the residents of an applicant's development that strives to end drug abuse and to eliminate its negative effects